Code No. DEM-27775

Human Leptin (highly sensitive) Assay Kit - IBL

INTRODUCTION

The recessive obesity mutation, ob, identified in 1950, results in profound obesity and type II diabetes as part of a syndrome that resembles morbid obesity in humans. Freidman's group at Rockefeller University originally identified the obesity gene that encodes for Leptin in 1994. Leptin is a 16 kDa secreted protein produced by the ob gene. Adipose tissue produces Leptin and releases it into the bloodstream. As fat deposits grow, blood Leptin levels tend to increase. It has been suggested that Leptin acts as a lipostat, increasing as fat gets deposited into adipocytes. It is also found that the protein acts as a hormone instructing the brain to stop food consumption and to increase activity. The protein has also been shown to signal and probably control the onset of puberty. In addition, recent study shows Leptin acts as a potent inhibitor of bone formation through central nervous system.

This ELISA kit has a high sensitivity for measuring Human Leptin.

PRINCIPLE

This kit is a solid phase sandwich ELISA using 2 kinds of high specific antibodies. Tetra Methyl Benzidine (TMB) is used as a coloring agent (Chromogen). The strength of coloring is proportional to the quantities of Human Leptin.

MEASUREMENT RANGE

15.63 ~ 1,000 pg/mL

INTENDED USE

- This IBL's assay kit is capable for the quantitative determination of Human Leptin in serum, EDTA-plasma and supernatant of cell culture media.
- Both recombinant Human Leptin and native Human Leptin can be detected by this kit.

KIT COMPONENT

1	Precoated plate :	Anti-Human Leptin Rabbit IgG Affinity Purify	96Well x 1
2	Labeled antibody Conc.		
	: (30X) HRP conjugat	ed Anti- Human Leptin Rabbit IgG Fab' Affinity Purify	0.4mL x 1
3	Standard : Recom	binant Human Leptin	0.5mL x 2
4	EIA buffer:		
5	Solution for Labeled	d antibody: 1% BSA, 0.05% Tween20 in PBS	12mL x 1
6	Chromogen	: TMB solution	15mL x 1
7	Stop solution	: 1N H ₂ SO ₄	12mL x 1
8	Wash buffer Conc.	: (40X) 0.05% Tween20 in phosphate buffer	50mL x 1

OPERATION MANUAL

1. Materials needed but not supplied

· Plate reader (450nm) · Micropipette and tip Graduated cylinder and beaker · Deionized water Refrigerator (as 4°C) Graph paper (log/log) · Paper towel · Tube for dilution of Standard

Incubator (37°C ± 1°C)

· Washing bottle for precoated plate

· Disposable test tube for "2, Labeled antibody Conc." and "6, Chromogen"

2. Preparation

Preparation of wash buffer

"8, Wash buffer Conc." is a concentrated (40X) buffer. Adjust the temperature of "8, Washing buffer Conc." to room temperature and then, mix it gently and completely before use. Dilute 50 mL of "8, Wash buffer Conc." with 1,950 mL of deionized water and mix it. This is the wash buffer for use. This prepared wash buffer shall be stored in refrigerator and used within 2 weeks after

Preparation of Labeled antibody

"2, Labeled antibody Conc." is a concentrated (30X). Dilute "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" in 30 times according to required quantity into a disposable test tube. Use this resulting solution as Labeled antibody.

Example)

In case you use one strip (8 well), the required quantity of Labeled antibody is 800 μL. (Dilute 30 μL of "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with 870 μL of "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" and mix it. And use the resulting solution by 100 µL in

This operation should be done just before the application of Labeled antibody. The remaining "2, Labeled antibody Conc." should be stored at 4°C in firmly sealed vial

reparation of Standard

Put just 0.5 mL of deionized water into the vial of "3, Standard" and mix it gently and completely. This solution is 2,000 pg/mL Human Leptin standard.

Dilution of Standard

Prepare 8 tubes for dilution of "3, Standard". Put 230 µL each of "4, EIA buffer" into the tube.

Specify the following concentration of each tube."

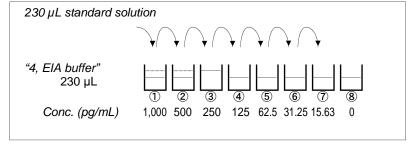
Tube-1 1,000 pg/mL Tube-2 500 pg/mL Tube-3 250 pg/mL 125 pg/mL Tube-4 Tube-5 62.5 pg/mL Tube-6 31.25 pg/mL Tube-7 15.63 pg/mL

0 pg/mL (Test Sample Blank) Tube-8

Put 230 µL of Standard solution into tube-1 and mix it gently. Then, put 230 µL of tube-1 mixture into tube-2. Dilute two times standard solution in series to set up 7 points of diluted standard between 1,000 pg/mL and 15.63 pg/mL. Tube-8 is the test sample blank as 0 pg/mL.

p. 1

See following picture.



5) Dilution of test sample

Test sample should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer" attached with this kit accordingly.

If the concentration of Human Leptin in samples may not be estimated in advance, the pre-assay with several different dilutions will be recommended to determine the proper dilution of samples.

3. Measurement procedure

All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use. Then mix it gently and completely before use. Make sure of no change in quality of the reagents. Standard curve shall be prepared simultaneously with the measurement of test samples.

	Test Sample	Standard	Test Sample Blank	Reagent Blank
Reagents	Test sample 100 µL	Diluted standard (Tube 1~7) 100 µL	EIA buffer (Tube-8) 100 μL	EIA buffer 100 μL
	Incubation for 60 minutes at 37°C with plate lid			
	,	Washing 7 times	i	
Labeled Antibody	100 µL	100 μL	100 µL	-
Incubation for 30 minutes at 4°C with plate lid				
Washing 9 times				
Chromogen	100 μL	100 μL	100 μL	100 μL
Incubation for 30 minutes at room temperature (shielded)				
Stop solution	100 μL	100 μL	100 μL	100 μL
Read the plate at 450nm against a Reagent Blank within 30 minutes after addition of Stop solution.				

- 1) Determine wells for reagent blank. Put 100 µL each of "4, EIA buffer" into the
- Determine wells for test sample blank, test sample and diluted standard. Then, put 100 µL each of test sample blank (tube-8), test sample and dilutions of standard (tube-1-7) into the appropriate wells.
- Incubate the precoated plate for 60 minutes at 37°C after covering it with plate
- Wash each well of the precoated plate vigorously with wash buffer using the washing bottle. Then, fill each well with wash buffer and leave the precoated plate laid for 15-30 seconds. Remove wash buffer completely from the precoated plate by snapping. This procedure must be repeated more than 7 Then, remove the remaining liquid from all wells completely by snapping the precoated plate onto paper towel. In case of using a plate washer, after 4 times washing with plate washer,
- washing with above washing bottle must be repeated 3 times. Pipette 100 µL of labeled antibody solution into the wells of test samples,
- diluted standard and test sample blank. Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at 4°C after covering it with plate
- Wash the precoated plate 9 times in the same manner as 4). Take the required quantity of "6, Chromogen" into a disposable test tube. Then, pipette 100 µL from the test tube into the wells. Please do not return the rest of the test tube to "6, Chromogen" bottle to avoid contamination.
- Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark. The liquid will turn blue by addition of "6, Chromogen".
- Pipette 100 μ L of "7, Stop solution" into the wells. Mix the liquid by tapping the side of precoated plate. The liquid will turn yellow by addition of "7, Stop
- 11) Remove any dirt or drop of water on the bottom of the precoated plate and confirm there is no bubble on the surface of the liquid. Then, run the plate reader and conduct measurement at 450 nm against a reagent blank. The measurement shall be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

SPECIAL ATTENTION

- 1) Test samples should be measured soon after collection. For the storage of test samples, store them frozen and do not repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Thaw the test samples at a low temperature and mix them completely before measurement.
- Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer", if the need arises.
- Duplicate measurement of test samples and standard is recommended.
- Use test samples in neutral pH range. The contaminations of organic solvent may affect the measurement.
- Use only wash buffer contained in this kit for washing the precoated plate.



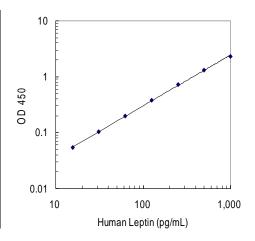
- Insufficient washing may lead to the failure in measurement.
- Remove the wash buffer completely by tapping the precoated plate on paper towel. Do not wipe wells with paper towel.
- "6, Chromogen" should be stored in the dark due to its sensitivity against light. "6, Chromogen" should be avoided contact with metals.
- Measurement should be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop

CALCULATION OF TEST RESULT

Subtract the absorbance of test sample blank from all data, including standards and unknown samples before plotting. Plot the subtracted absorbance of the standards against the standard concentration on log-log graph paper. Draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve. Read the concentration for unknown samples from the standard curve.

Example of standard curve

Absorbance (450nm)
2.379
1.366
0.763
0.427
0.246
0.149
0.100
0.047



The typical standard curve is shown above. This curve can not be used to derive test results. Please run a standard curve for each assay.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Titer Assay (Samples with standard added are used.)

Specimen	Titer (X)	Measurement Value (pg/mL)	Theoretical Value (pg/mL)	%
10%FCS	2	245.55	256.29	95.8
added	4	124.04	126.08	98.4
RPMI-1640	8	63.34	63.10	100.4
	8	431.43	432.15	99.8
Human Serum	16	285.24	266.65	107.0
	32	151.86	156.86	96.8
	8	403.92	405.59	99.6
Human Plasma (EDTA)	16	231.15	224.57	102.9
(==,	32	131.92	137.74	95.8
	8	61.86	62.89	98.4
Human Urine	16	30.98	31.25	99.1
	32	16.33	15.63	104.5

2. Added Recovery Assay

Specimen	Theoretical Value (pg/mL)	Measurement Value (pg/mL)	%
400/500	254.34	258.95	101.8
10%FCS added RPMI-1640 (x2)	129.34	134.81	104.2
7 (XZ)	66.84	67.79	101.4
	384.67	345.20	89.7
Human Serum (x8)	353.42	347.48	98.3
(- /	337.79	325.94	96.5
	363.23	315.01	86.7
Human Plasma (EDTA) (x8)	331.98	321.25	96.8
(==) ()	316.36	328.96	104.0
	251.04	262.87	104.7
Human Urine (x8)	126.04	124.32	98.6
(,\dot)	63.54	62.01	97.6

3. Intra - Assay

Measurement Value (pg/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
522.74	20.65	4.0	24
132.19	11.00	8.3	24
42.95	3.67	8.5	24

4. Inter - Assay

Measurement Value (pg/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
496.72	36.19	7.3	5
124.03	11.48	9.3	5
40.02	4.09	10.2	5

 $\mathsf{p.}\,\mathsf{2}$

5. Specificity

Compound	Cross Reactivity (%)
Human Leptin	100
Mouse Leptin	2.4
Rat Leptin	≦ 0.1

6. Sensitivity

The sensitivity for this kit was determined using the guidelines under the National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS) Evaluation Protocols. (National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards Evaluation Protocols, SC1, (1989) Villanova, PA: NCCLS.)

PRECAUTION FOR INTENDED USE AND/OR HANDLING

- All reagents should be stored at 2 8°C. All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use.
- "3, Standard" is lyophilized products. Be careful to open this vial.
- "7, Stop solution" is a strong acid substance. Therefore, be careful not to have your skin and clothes contact "7, Stop solution" and pay attention to the disposal of "7, Stop solution".
- Dispose used materials after rinsing them with large quantity of water.
- Precipitation may occur in "2, Labeled antibody Conc.", however, there is no problem in the performance.
- Wash hands after handling reagents.
- Do not mix the reagents with the reagents from a different lot or kit.
- 8. Do not use expired reagents.
- This kit is for research purpose only. Do not use for clinical diagnosis.

STORAGE AND THE TERM OF VALIDITY

Storage Condition : 2 - 8°C

The expiry date is specified on outer box.

REFERENCE

- 1. Masaki T. et al. Enhanced expression of uncoupling protein 2 gene in rat white adipose tissue and skeletal muscle following chronic treatment with thyroid hormone. FEBS letters. 1997: 418 (3), 323 - 326.
- 2. Masaki, T. et al. Induction of rat uncoupling protein-2 gene treated with tumor necrosis factor alpha in vivo. Euro. J. Clin. Invest. 1999: 29 (1), 76 - 82.
- 3. Masaki T. et al. Tumor necrosis factor-alpha regulates in vivo expression of the rat UCP family differentially. Biochim. Biophys. Acta. 1999: 143 (3), 585 - 592.
- 4. Ducy P. et al. Leptin inhibits bone formation through a hypothalamic relay: A central control of bone mass. Cell 2000: 100 (2), 197-207.

Version. 2



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