











Instructions for Use

CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS₁)

Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE 1 IgE ELISA

Enzyme immunoassay for the quantitative analysis of free SPIKE 1 IgE antibodies in serum and plasma sample.

	COR-QNS-IGE-S1
	96 tests
	Shipment 10-30°C, Store 2-8°C
	MATRIKS BIOTECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. Gazi Universitesi Teknoplaza C Blok 10/50C/47 06830 Golbasi Ankara / TURKEY Tel +90 312 485 42 94
     	

1. Intended Use

CORONAHUNTER™ Anti-SARS-Cov2 SPIKE 1 ELISA has been especially developed for the quantitative analysis of free SPIKE 1 IgE antibodies in serum and plasma samples.

2. General Information

COVID-19 pandemic, or coronavirus pandemic, the virus outbreak that occurred on December 1, 2019 in Wuhan, the capital of the Hubei region of China. A new coronavirus, called SARS-CoV-2, was diagnosed after a pneumonia developed without a specific cause in various patients and did not respond to treatment and vaccines. The transmission rate of the virus, which can be transmitted from person to person, increased in mid-January 2020. In the following times, virus cases in various countries in Europe, North America and Asia-Pacific began to be reported. It was declared a global epidemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020. The name of the disease is Covid-19, the cause of the virus is SARS-CoV-2.

The coronavirus genomes encode 4 major structural proteins: spike (S), envelope (E), membrane (M), and nucleocapsid (N). The S protein is a very large transmembrane protein that forms the surface spikes of coronaviruses. The virus gains entry into the host cell through the binding of the S protein to the ACE2 protein. Mechanically, ACE2 is engaged by the receptor binding domain (RBD) on the S1 subunit. After infection with SARS-CoV-2, the host produces an immune response against, especially to spike and nucleocapsid proteins of the virus and the levels of specific antibodies IgM, IgG, IgA and IgE begins to increase.

Allergy, Atopy and IgE Response to Covid-19:

Atopy is an exaggerated IgE-mediated immune response; all atopic disorders are type I hypersensitivity disorders. Allergy is any exaggerated immune response to a foreign antigen regardless of mechanism. There is a genetic predisposition to induce Type 2 immune response following exposure to environmental antigens which includes viral antigens. Such as respiratory virus infections can trigger allergic exacerbations.

In the course of Covid-19 infection allergy may play protective role during COVID-19. Allergic subjects with eosinophilia were less affected by COVID-19. In contrast, eosinopenia was reported frequently in decreased in COVID-19 patients and was considered as predictor of disease outcome.

ACE2 expression was also found to be inversely related to allergic sensitization and type 2 biomarkers such as IgE levels.

Anaphylactic reactions have been reported following COVID-19 vaccination and the etiology for the cases of anaphylaxis probably involves IgE-mediated (allergic/anaphylactic) reaction to polyethylene glycol (PEG). Allergic responses to other factors such as specific glycosylated Sars-Cov-2 RBD proteins awaiting to be elucidated.

SARS-CoV-2 infection is widely spread, and COVID-19 is clinically heterogeneous with different disease course and outcomes. Cytokine storm is one of the most important factors for severe and critically ill COVID-19. IFN-I insufficiency may contribute also to the severe outcome of this disease. The relationship between allergy and SARS-CoV-2 is still not fully understood and need to be investigated further.

For discovery and better understanding of Covid-19 for the first time Matriks Biotek® developed and launched two Coronahunter™ ELISA kits for “real” quantitative determination of absolute IgE values for Spike RBD and Spike S1 protein of Sars-Cov-2.

CORONAHUNTER™ ELISA kits can be used for anti-virus antibodies measurements. CORONAHUNTER™ ELISA products:

Brand	Description		Product Code
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS _{RBD})	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE RBD IgG ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGG-SRBD
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS _{S1})	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE 1 IgG ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGG-S1
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORN)	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 NUCLEOCAPSID IgG ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGG-NCP
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS _{RBD})	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE RBD IgM ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGM-SRBD
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS _{S1})	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE 1 IgM ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGM-S1
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORN)	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 NUCLEOCAPSID IgM ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGM-NCP
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS _{RBD})	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE RBD IgA ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGA-SRBD

CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS ₁)	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE 1 IgA ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGA-S1
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORN)	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 NUCLEOCAPSID IgA ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGA-NCP
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS _{RBD})	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE RBD IgE ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGE-SRBD
CORONAHUNTER™ (Q-CORS ₁)	Anti-SARS-Cov-2 SPIKE 1 IgE ELISA	Antibody screening - Quantitative	COR-QNS-IGE-S1

Check the web page for the whole product list www.matriksbiotek.com

3. Test Principle

Solid phase enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) based on the sandwich principle. Standards and samples (serum or plasma) are incubated in the microtiter plate coated with the Spike 1 protein. After incubation, the wells are washed. Then, horse radish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated probe is added and binds to Spike 1 antibody captured by the reactant on the surface of the wells. Following incubation wells are washed and the bound enzymatic activity is detected by addition of tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) chromogen substrate. Finally, the reaction is terminated with an acidic stop solution. The colour developed is proportional to the amount of anti Spike 1 antibody in the sample or standard. Results of samples can be determined directly using the standard curve.

4. Warnings and Precautions

- For professional use only.
- In case of severe damage of the kit package please contact Matriks Biotek® or your supplier in written form, latest one week after receiving the kit. Do not use damaged components in test runs but keep safe for complaint related issues.
- Obey lot number and expiry date. Do not mix reagents of different lots. Do not use expired reagents.
- Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit. Be sure that everything is understood. For further information (clinical background, test performance, automation protocols, alternative applications, literature, etc.) please refer to the local distributor.
- Follow good laboratory practice and safety guidelines. Wear lab coats, disposable latex gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
- All reagents of this kit containing human serum or plasma (standards etc.) have been tested and were found negative for HIV I/II, HBsAg and Anti-HCV. However, a presence of these or other infectious agents cannot be excluded absolutely and therefore reagents should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.
- Reagents of this kit containing hazardous material may cause eye and skin irritations. See “Materials supplied”, MSDS and labels for details.
- Chemicals and prepared or used reagents must be treated as hazardous waste according the national biohazard safety guidelines or regulations.

5. Storage and Stability

The kit is shipped at ambient temperature (10-30°C) and should be stored at 2-8°C for long term storage. Keep away from heat or direct sunlight. The strips of microtiter plate are stable up to the expiry date of the kit in the broken, but tightly closed bag when stored at 2-8°C.

6. Specimen (Collection and Storage)

Serum, Plasma (EDTA, Heparin)

The usual precautions for venipuncture should be observed. Do not use grossly haemolytic, icteric or lipemic specimens. Samples appearing turbid should be centrifuged before testing to remove any particulate material. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for serum/plasma samples.

Samples should be diluted with the dilution rate given in the “Pre-test setup instructions” before the test.

Drug infusions may camouflage/mask the presence of antibody to drugs in serum/plasma samples. Therefore, blood sampling time is critical for detection of antibodies. It is recommended to take the blood sample just before the scheduled dose (trough specimen).

Storage	2-8°C	-20°C
Stability (serum/plasma)	2 days	6 months

7. Materials Supplied

Microtiter Plate	1 x 12 x 8	Microtiter plate Break apart strips. Microtiter plate with 12 rows each of 8 wells coated with reactant.
Standard A-F	0,2 mL (each)	Standards A-F Standard A: 200 ng/mL Standard B: 100 ng/mL Standard C: 50 ng/mL Standard D: 25 ng/mL Standard E: 12,5 ng/mL Standard F: 0 ng/mL Ready to use. Used for the standard curve and control. Contains anti-S1 antibody, human serum and stabilizer, <0,1 % NaN ₃
Controls	0,2 mL (each)	Control low and high levels Ready to use. Contains human serum and stabilizer, <0,1 % NaN ₃ Control concentrations are given in "Quality control certificate"
Assay Buffer	1 x 50 mL	Assay buffer

		Ready to use. Blue coloured. Contains proteins, <0,1 % NaN ₃
Conjugate	1 x 12 mL	Horse radish peroxidase conjugated probe Ready to use. Red coloured. Contains HRP conjugated probe, stabilizer and preservatives.
Substrate	1 x 12 mL	TMB substrate solution Ready to use. Contains 3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB)
Stop Buffer	1 x 12 mL	TMB stop solution Ready to use. 1N HCl
Wash Buffer	1 x 50 mL	Wash buffer (20x) Prepared concentrated (20x) and should be diluted with the dilution rate given in the "Pre-test setup instructions" before the test. Contains buffer with tween 20.

Foil	2 x 1	Adhesive Foil For covering microtiter plate during incubation
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8. Materials Required but not Supplied

- Micropipettes and tips
- Calibrated measures
- Tubes for sample dilution
- Wash bottle, automated or semi-automated microtiter plate washing system
- Microtiter plate reader capable of measuring optical density with a photometer at OD 450 nm with reference wavelength 650 nm (450/650 nm)
- Distilled or deionised water, paper towels, pipette tips and timer

9. Procedure Notes

-Any improper handling of samples or modification of the test procedure may influence the results. The indicated pipetting volumes, incubation times, temperatures and pre-treatment steps must be performed strictly according to the instructions. Use calibrated pipettes and devices only.

-Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that required reagents, materials and devices are prepared ready at the appropriate time. Allow all reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (18-25°C) and gently swirl each vial of liquid reagent and sample before use. Mix reagents without foaming.

-Avoid contamination of reagents, pipettes and wells/tubes. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each reagent, standard or specimen. Do not interchange caps. Always cap not used vials. Do not reuse wells/tubes or reagents.

-Use a pipetting scheme to verify an appropriate plate layout.

-Incubation time affects results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time sequences. It is recommended to use an eight-channel micropipette for pipetting of solutions in all wells.

-Microplate washing is important. Improperly washed wells will give erroneous results. It is recommended to use a multichannel pipette or an automatic microplate washing system. Do not allow the wells to dry between incubations. Do not scratch coated wells during rinsing and aspiration. Rinse and fill all reagents with care. While rinsing, check that all wells are filled precisely with wash buffer, and that there are no residues in the wells.

-Humidity affects the coated wells/tubes. Do not open the pouch until it reaches room temperature. Unused wells/tubes should be returned immediately to the resealed pouch including the desiccant.

10. Pre-test Setup Instructions

- Preparation of components

Component	Wash buffer (must be prepared before starting assay procedure)
Dilute	10 mL (e.g.)
With	Up to 200 mL
Diluent	Distilled water
Dilution Ratio	1/20
Remarks	Warm up 37°C to dissolve crystals. Mix vigorously
Storage	2-8°C
Stability	2 weeks

- Dilution of samples

Sample	Serum/Plasma
Diluent	Assay buffer
Dilution Ratio	1/100
Remarks	1/100 dilution 5 µL sample + 495 µL assay buffer

Patient samples with a concentration of drug above the measuring range are to be rated as> "Highest Standard (Standard A)". The result must not be extrapolated. The

patient sample in question should be further diluted with assay buffer and retested.

11. Test Procedure

	Total assay time: 105 minutes
1	<p>Pipette 100 μL of each “Standards”, “Low level control”, “High level control” and diluted samples into the respective wells of microtiter plate</p> <p>Wells</p> <p>A1: Standard A B1: Standard B C1: Standard C D1: Standard D E1: Standard E F1: 0 ng/ml G1: low level control H1: : high level control A2 and on: Samples</p>
2	<p>Cover the plate with adhesive foil Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate Incubate 60 minutes at room temperature (18-25°C)</p>

3	<p>Remove adhesive foil Discard incubation solution Wash plate three times each with 300 μL "Wash Buffer" Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel</p>
4	<p>Pipette 100 μL "Conjugate" into each well</p>
5	<p>Cover the plate with adhesive foil Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature (18-25 °C)</p>
6	<p>Remove adhesive foil Discard incubation solution Wash plate three times each with 300 μL "Wash Buffer" Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel</p>
7	<p>Pipette 100 μL "Substrate" into each well</p>
8	<p>Incubate 15 minutes without adhesive foil at room temperature (18-25 °C) in the dark</p>
9	<p>Stop the substrate reaction by adding 100 μL "Stop Solution" into each well Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate Colour changes from blue to yellow</p>
10	<p>Measure optical density with a photometer at OD 450nm with reference wavelength 650 nm (450/650 nm) within 30 minutes after pipetting the "Stop Solution"</p>

12. Quality Control

The test results are only valid if the test has been performed following the instructions. Moreover, the user must strictly adhere to the rules of GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) or other applicable standards/laws. For a valid study, the OD 450/650 of the highest standard should be $>1,500$ and the OD 450/650 of the lowest standard should be $<0,150$ in case of any deviation the following technical issues (but not limited to) should be reviewed: Expiration dates of reagents, storage conditions, pipettes, devices, incubation conditions, washing methods, etc.

13. Calculation and Interpretation of Results

- Create a standard curve by using the standards. OD 450/650 nm for each standard on the vertical (Y-axis) axis versus the corresponding drug concentration on the horizontal (X-axis) axis.
- The concentration of the samples can be read directly from this standard curve. Using the absorbance value for each sample, determine the corresponding concentration of drug from the standard curve. Find the absorbance value on the Y-axis and extend a horizontal line to the curve. At the point of intersection, extend a vertical line to the X-axis and read the drug concentration of the unknown sample.
- If computer data is going to be used, we recommend primarily "Four Parameter Logistic (4PL)" or secondly the "point-to-point calculation".
- To obtain the exact values of the samples, the concentration determined from the standard-curve must be multiplied by the

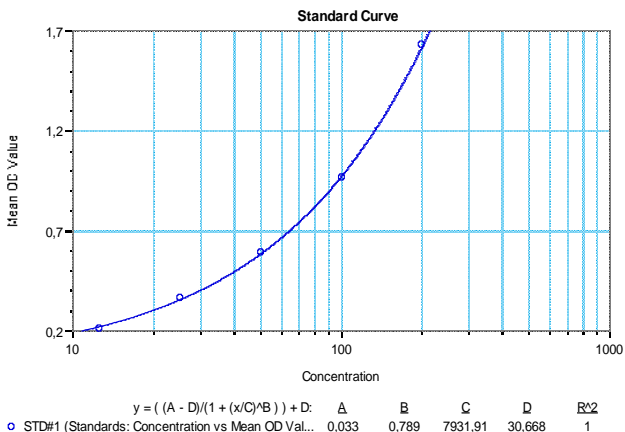
dilution factor (100x). Any sample reading greater than the highest standard should be further diluted appropriately with assay buffer and retested. Therefore, if the pre-diluted samples have been further diluted, the concentration determined from the standard curve must be multiplied by the further dilution factor.

e.g.; If the pre-diluted sample further diluted in a ratio of 1/5 then results should be multiplied by 500.

– For low and high level controls values, refer to “Quality Control Certificate” provided by each kit.

14. Analytical Performance

– Calibration curve (Linearity, Dilutional linearity): $r^2 > 0,95$



This is only an example. Assay conditions will change in every assay and do not use this curve for your assay calculations.

– Sensitivity: The lowest detectable level (Lowest detection limit, LOD) that can be distinguished from the zero standard is 3 ng/mL

Functional sensitivity (Limit of quantification-LOQ): 12,5 ng/mL

- Specificity: There is no cross reaction with native serum immunoglobulin

Recovery $100\pm 30\%$

- Precision: Intra-assay and inter-assay CVs <math>< 30\%</math>













The “Quality Control Certificate” contains lot specific analytical performance data and is supplied separately with each kit. If some further analytical performance data is needed, please refer to the local distributor.

15. Automation

CORONAHUNTER™ Anti-SARS-Cov2 SPIKE 1 IgE ELISA is also suitable to run on automated ELISA processors.

16. Symbols and Cautions

	Manufacturer		Temperature limitation
	Production date		See instruction for use

	Expiry date		Caution
	Lot number		In vitro diagnostic medical device
	Catalog number		Control
	Do not use if package is damaged		Negative control
	Keep away from sunlight		Positive control
	Keep dry		Number of tests

According to ISO 15223

Cautions: The performance of the kit can be achieved by fully complying with the instructions. Modifications on the test procedure can affect the results and these kinds of changes will not be charged as regular complaints. This product is for professional use only and must be used for “Intended use” that is given in the instructions for use. The results themselves should not be the only reason for any therapeutically consequences. They must be correlated to other clinical observations. Cut-off, reference ranges, etc. must be calculated/set according to scientific standards by the users/laboratories. Information in the instructions about cut-off, etc. performance characteristics, can only be considered as a recommendation and does not give any responsibility to the manufacturer.

Limitations of liability: The manufacturer’s liability is limited to the purchase price of the product in all circumstances. The manufacturer can not be held responsible for damage to the patient, lost profit, lost sales, damage to property or any other incidental or consequential loss.

Technical support and complaints: Technical support can be given upon request. If there is a problem with the product, complaints must be sent written to info@matriksbiotek.com with the technical data (if available) like standard curve, control results, etc. After the necessary examination, written reply will be given.



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